Retail Media Back to the Future

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Outline

- 1. How large and how different from offline retail ads?
- 2. Why brands and consumers like retail media
- 3. Lower and upper funnel retail ads for advertiser goals
- 4. How to get started and move to full funnel advertising
- 5. Retail media questions for consumers, brands, and retailers
- 6. Case studies answering some of these questions
- 7. Q&A



Retail Media is the digital advertising sold to brands by retailers using their 1st party data as for targeting onsite, instore or on social or programmatic channels



Rise of Retail Media: WARC, Sept 2021

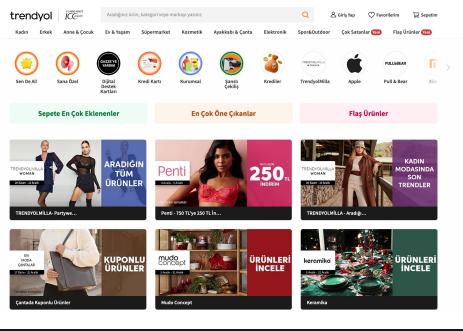
Top online stores in Turkey in 2022, by e-commerce

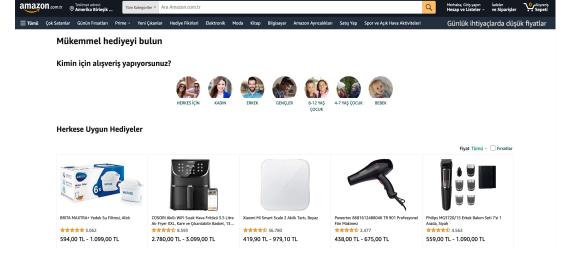
(in million U.S. dollars)

süper fiyatlar

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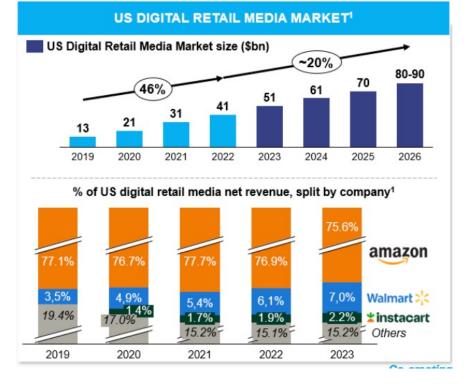


Retail media on the rise

GroupM (biggest media buyer), expects retail media will grow 9.9% to reach \$125.7 billion in 2023 and

surpass television revenue in 2028, when it will represent 15.4% of total ad revenue.

RETAIL MEDIA: US/ WMT - DEEP DIVE



To the delight and \$\$ of retailers

"An efficient, well-run grocery store will lose money on the business,

but more than make up for it by selling direct or indirect ads to the companies that make those products.

Kroger reported vendor allowances of \$8.7bn, or 7% of revenue"

(Hobart 2023)

Global Retailer Operating / EBITDA Margins

amazon	7.1%	Sainsbury's	2.74%
Walmart >	2.4%		4.4%
Carrefour	3.11%	Kroger	3.11%
Migros	3.45%	Ahold Delhaize	4.3%
TESCO	3.23%		2.7%
Woolworths 👩	2.54%	EDEKA	

What's new, pussycat?

- Data: "Instacart knows consumers' ordering patterns, knows the cross elasticities of demand across different products and categories, and can capture the upside from consumers trading up or trying new brands via ads." This allows online retailers to both offer consumers large and personalized assortments, and offer brands ads targeted at the right consumer in the right buying mood.
- **Consumer ad awareness:** The offline consumer is typically unaware that the store organization and eye-level shelf placements are driven by such manufacturer payments and retail profit calculations. In contrast, *retail media ads are denoted as such to the online consumer*.

Why brands want retail media: data is key

Motivations for US CPG Brands to Work with Retail Media Networks, 2020 & 2021

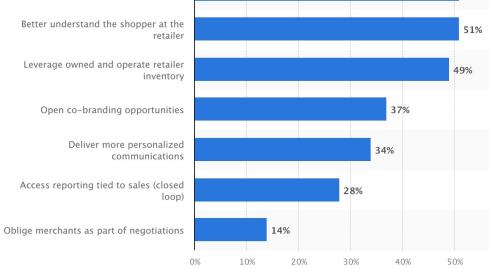
Gain access to a retailer's first-party data

Build a stronger partnership with the

retailer

% of respondents in each group

	2020	2021
Gain access to a retailer's first-party data	33%	62%
Build a stronger partnership with the retailer	49%	51%
Better understand the shopper at the retailer	19%	51%
Leverage owned and operate retailer inventory	29%	49%
Open co-branding opportunities	38%	37%
Deliver more personalized communications	43%	34%
Access reporting tied to sales (closed loop)	48%	28%
Oblige merchants as part of negotiations	48%	14%



Note: 2020 n=100; 2021 n=100

Source: Merkle, "The Evolution of Retail Media Networks" conducted by Ugam, Oct 11, 2021

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eMarketer | InsiderIntelligence.com

Share of respondents

62%

60%

51%

Why do some consumers like it, and Amazon?

- Content-integrated: fits with the reason consumer visits the site
- 3x more effective than contentseparated (DeHaan et al 2016)
- 1P and 1-click shop convenience

-> More effective than video site, search, social media ads for most

Preference	Global consumers	Marketers
1.	amazon	🕨 YouTube
2.	Google	Google
3.	ð TikTok	Ø
4.	Ø	t ikTok
5.	Spotify [.]	Spotify [.]

Largest players

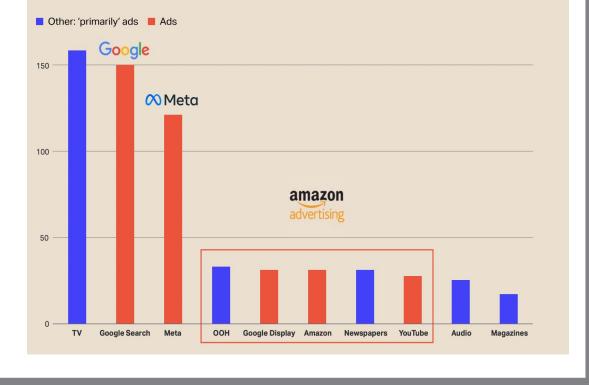
Amazon: ~75%

Walmart: ~7%

Instagram: ~2%

Amazon's Advertising business is bigger than Google Display and YouTube Advertising and Global Newspaper Advertising Revenues

Global advertising revenues



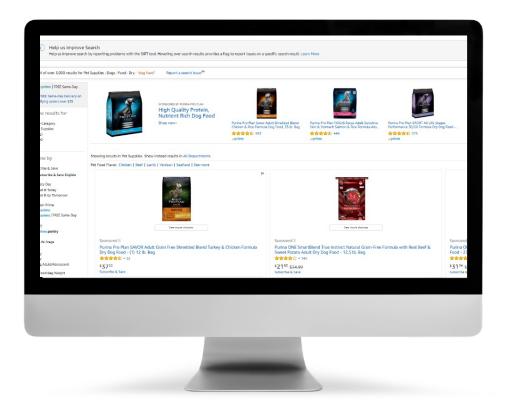
Comparing different retail media networks

	Amazon.com	Walmart.com	Instacart	Kroger	Target
Advertising auction type	2nd price	1st price	2nd price	2nd price	1st price
Placement types	Sponsored Products, Sponsored Brands, Sponsored Display, Amazon DSP (Offsite and Onsite)	Sponsored Products, Brand Amplifier, POV, Marquee, Skyline	Sponsored Products (Search & Browse), Search Keyword Banner (Display)	PLAs (Search & Browse, Savings, Basket Builder) and Targeted Onsite Ads (Display Banner)	Sponsored Products
Cost structure	CPC by product and keyword Amazon DSP is CPM	CPC by product and keyword for all except POV, Marquee, Skyline that are CPM	CPC by product and keyword; Display is CPM	CPC by product and category for everything but TOAs; TOAs are CPM	CPC by SKU
Minimum bid (\$)	0.02c	0.2 automatic 0.3 manual	0.15 CPC for SP, 15 CPM for display	0.5 for S&B, 0.6 for BB,0.30 for Savings, \$28 CPM for TOA	Set by retailer at category level
Targeting options	Keyword, Category, and Individual SKU Targeting	Keyword Targeting	SP: Keyword Targeting SKB: Keyword and Audience	Category Targeting	Keyword and Auto Targeting
Product eligibility	Must be in stock, no minimum, must have positive contribution profit to Amazon	Must be in stock and base item (no variants), no minimum, item must meet relevancy hurdles to appear in-feed	Must be in stock, no minimum, must be loaded up by retailer	Must be in stock, no minimum	Must be in stock, no minimum
Sales attribution	14-day click attribution, same brand	3, 14, or 30-day click attribution, same brand	14-day click attribution, same item, "sales" are based on the order not the delivery	14-day click attribution, same brand, in store and online	Customizable attribution 1, 7, 14, 30-day direct click, 1, 7, 14, 30-day direct view

Amazon Advertising's view on its Propositions



Sponsored Products



Placements within Amazon search results and on related detail pages

- Created from product detail page content
- Direct shoppers directly to a product detail page
- Contain native-looking creative elements familiar to Amazon
- Reach shoppers with high purchase intent

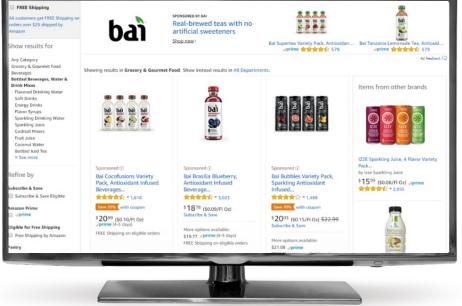
amazonadvertising

Sponsored Brands

Top placement above the search results, as well as within search results

- Direct shoppers to a page with a collection of products or the brand's Amazon store
- Feature a custom headline, logo and set of products
- Contain native-looking elements familiar to the Amazon shopping experience
- Reach shoppers with high purchase intent



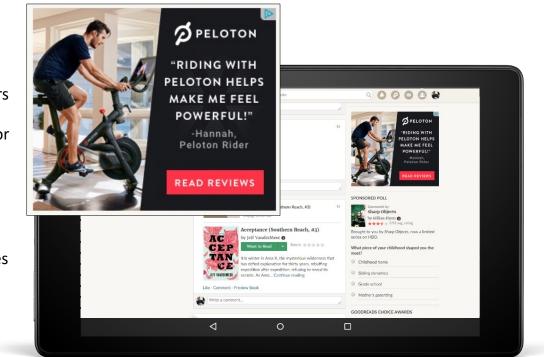


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Display ads

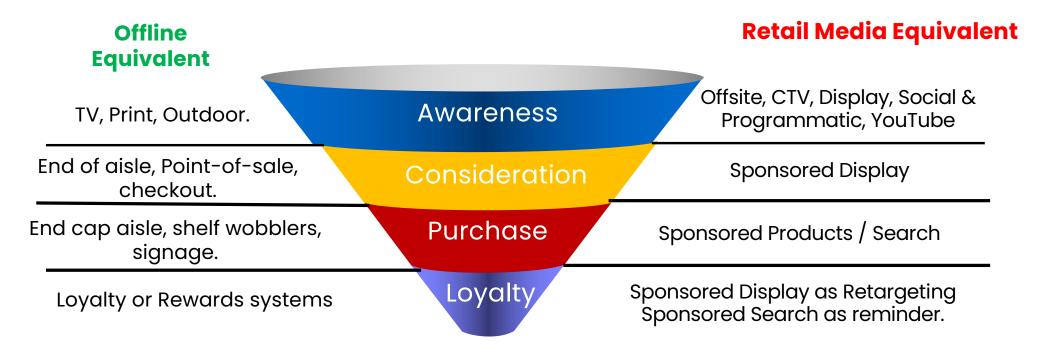
Convey key product attributes or brand differentiators

- Direct to a product detail page, brand website or custom landing page
- Tailor ad creatives
- Use eCommerce creatives with Amazon features
 - for products sold ON Amazon
- Use custom creatives

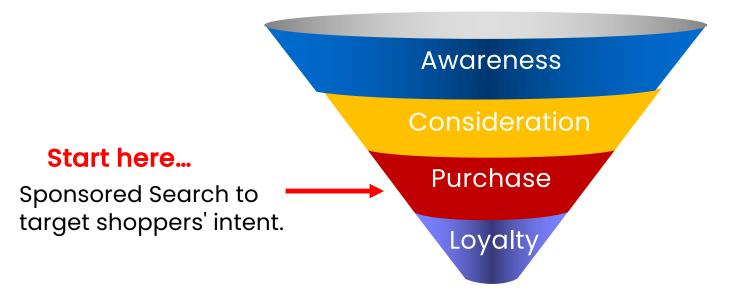


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Offline to Online



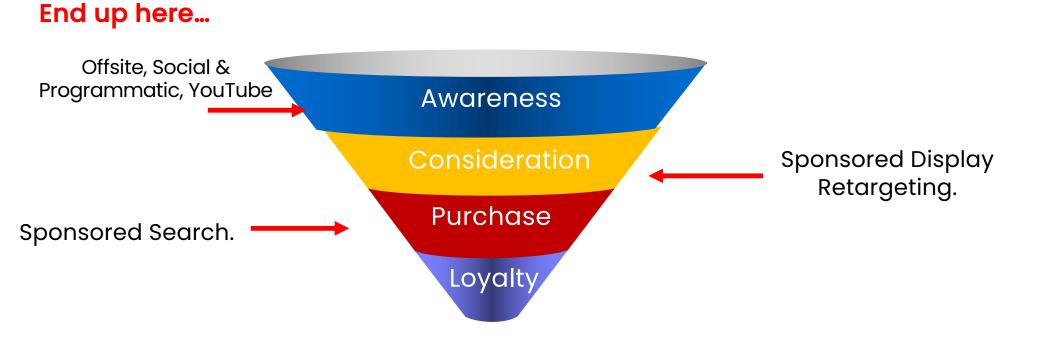
Use the Shopper Funnel



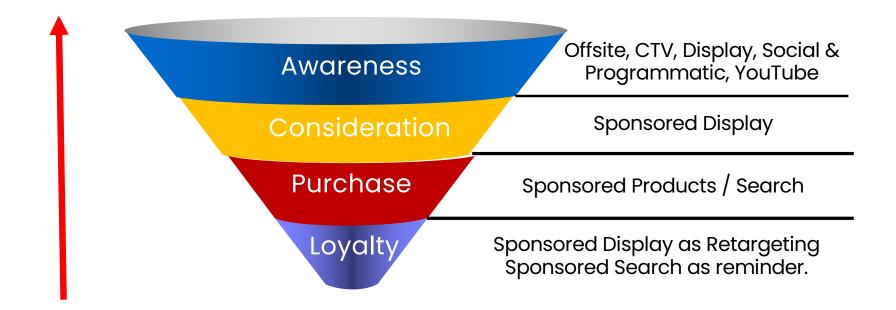
Start with Sponsored Search, Move to Sponsored Display



Think 'Full Funnel'



Go Full Funnel



Key retail media questions for market players

Consumers	Brands	Retailers
 Ad response Optimal exposure	 Retailer fit? Incremental or zero-	 Education vs fatigue Build in house or
frequency Tradeoff privacy,	sum game? Metrics? Budget allocation	outsource? How I fit into the
convenience, price	upper/lower funnel?	brand's ecosystem?

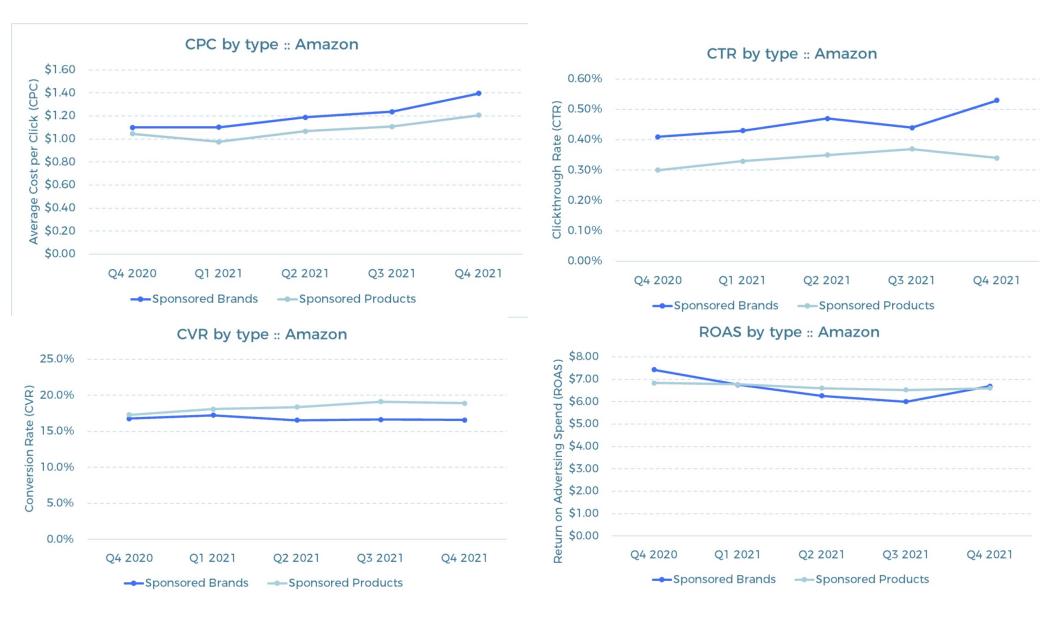
Higher or lower optimal ad frequency?

- Compared to other settings, are retail consumers more welcoming to ads (content integrated) or do they get annoyed sooner because they are paying more attention (leaning forward vs leaning backward)?
- Inform/Educate: Higher ad frequency may allow brands to increase conversion probabilities, and retailers to enjoy more ad revenue.
- Persuasion fatigue: ads are seen more as manipulative persuasion rather than as information, and should be employed sparingly to balance customer experience with ad revenue for the retailer

Lower funnel or upper funnel?

- Upper funnel costs more but also has higher click-through rate
- Lower funnel has higher conversion rate: ready-to-buy
- Return on Ad Spend (\$ revenue for \$1 spend) similar: \$6 \$7
- Upper funnel works especially well in high season (Q4 in USA)

Source: Costello 2022 https://skai.io/blog/amazons-advertising-numbers/



How retail media fits in the brand's omni-ecosystem

Making the e-commerce business model more scalable

"Retail Media is a way of making the e-commerce business model more scalable. Let's not forget 80% of all of our sales come from the bricks and mortar. So omnichannel is still going to be where this is won and lost.

"Being able to take rich first-party data, connect it to in-store shoppers, and then look at your technology and advertising in-store to look at how you have different messages in different stores on different days of the week and different times of day, based on the weather."

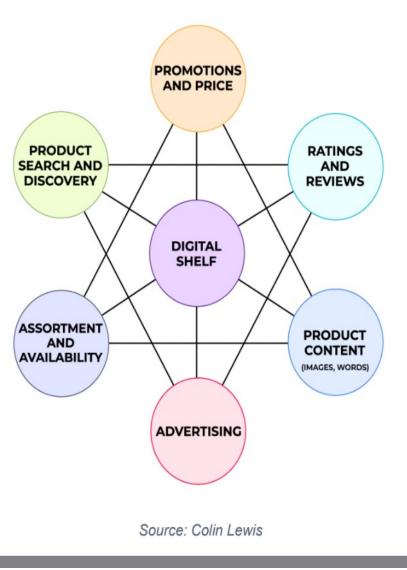
Alex Crowe, Head of Media Partnerships, Asda UK

Revlon's 'omni-ecosystem'



Case Study How to win on Amazon:

Product page views Conversion Reviews



Why reviews key to Amazon?

"A seller wrote to me and said, 'You don't understand your business. You make money when you sell things. Why do you allow these negative customer reviews?' And when I read that letter, I thought, we don't make money when we sell things. We make money when we help customers make purchase decisions" Jeff Bezos



average sales lift going from 1 review to 2-50 reviews on Amazon.com



+188%

average traffic lift when at least one review is added to a product page on Amazon.com



+206%

average sales lift increasing review velocity (avg. new reviews a month) from 1-5% to 5-10% on Amazon.com



+92%

average sales lift improving your average star rating from 3.5-4 to 4.1-4.5 stars

How to measure product growth: Traffic, Conversion Rate & Reviews

We defined 3 milestones in a new product's growth



Number of weeks to reach the top 50 most viewed products within peer set



Number of weeks to reach the average conversion rate for peer products



Number of weeks to reach 15 verified reviews

Sources go here.

Criteria to assign products to the two groups

Advertised Group:	Control/Peer Group:
Received advertising support in the form of traffic brought to the detail page. Advertising support started within 5 weeks from the launch on the website.	 The products reached the milestones on their own. The products are similar to advertised products: Same launch period Similar in price Similar average rating and number of reviews All products in the control group are from the top five brands within the peer set

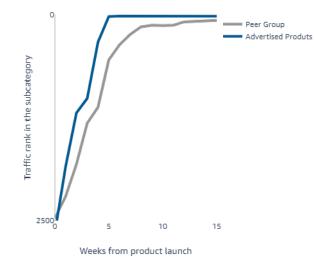
All products studied reached the 3 milestones for traffic, conversion rate and reviews.

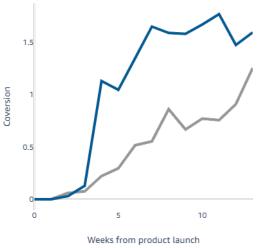
Mean evolution for the 3 milestones

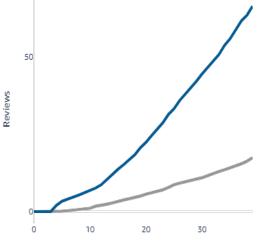
Product Traffic Rank - Mean position of the product studied

Mean Conversion Rate Index vs Category

Reviews - Mean numbers of reviews of the product studied





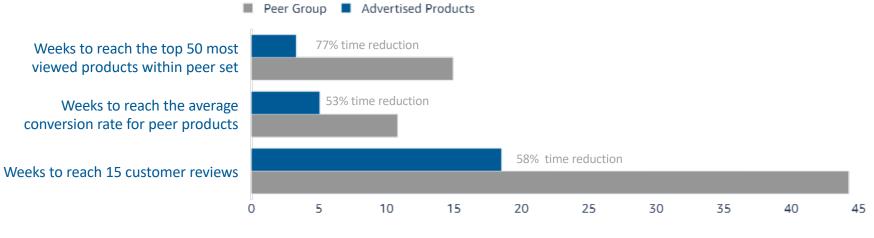


Weeks from product launch



Based on 3 key milestones:



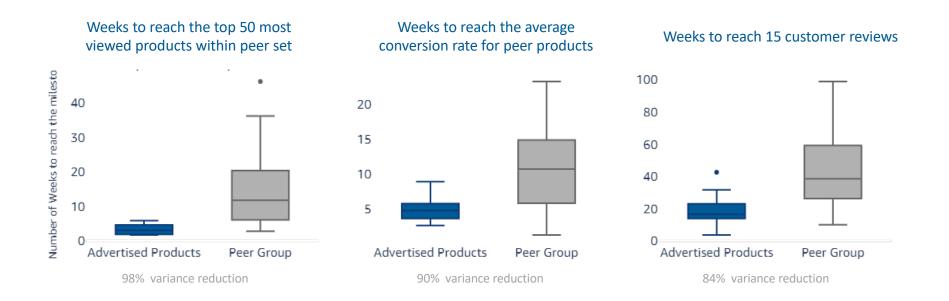


Number of Weeks to reach the milestone

All results are statistically significant at 95% confidence level – Tested with ANOVA

Advertising reduces variance in speed of growth

Lower variance means lower uncertainty in the weeks following product launch



All results are statistically significant at 95% confidence - Tested with Brown–Forsythe Test

Take away: Advertising accelerates the success of new products

Growth in

Traffic

Growth in

Conversion Rate



Growth in Number of Reviews



Advertising accelerates growth by more than 50% Advertising reduces the variance of growth by more than 80%

Plan and justify your advertising campaigns for product launches Advertising can cut in half the time needed to achieve key product growth milestones

On average advertised products grew faster in three dimensions:

Traffic:

11 weeks faster

To reach the top 50 most viewed products within peer set

Conversion rate:

5 weeks faster

rate for peer products

To reach the average conversion

Reviews:

25 weeks faster

To reach 15 verified reviews

Amazon Internal Data

If you need speed, advertise!

Expanding the scope of Amazon Ads research

SALES A	Advertising	On-Amazon	Off-Amazon
On-Amazon		Ads halve time for new product to reach search, sales, reviews milestones (Bertozzi et al. 2022)	Needs data from brand managers (clean rooms, Amazon Marketing Cloud, Nielsen, Kantar)
Off-Amazon		This paper (Netzer et al.)	Outside vendors

Quantifying webrooming: Data and Method

Off-Amazon Amplification: Customers who research products on Amazon but buy them elsewhere (US Survey in 2/2020)

Analytical approach to compute Amplier Ratio and ROPES

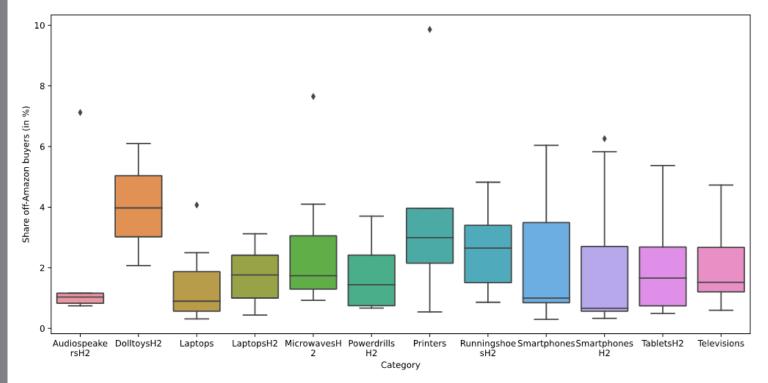
- Survey of Amazon visitors in categories of laptops and smartphones
- Use ML model to predict off-Amazon purchases with Amazon action
- Amplifier Ratio (AR)= webrooming customers / on-Amazon buyers
- ROPES = webrooming customers / on-Amazon category searchers
- Regress ROPES on different Amazon ads to quantify drivers



Amplifier Ratio =

Purchases off–Amazon Purchases on Amazon For every 10 Amazon buyers of Laptops (Smartphones), 16 (21) users research on Amazon.com and purchase elsewhere

ROPES: Share of off-Amazon buyers (baseline on-Amazon shoppers)



Total survey sample: 42K Wave 2 (H2) in 2021 Example: The median share of off-Amazon buyers was ~4% vs. on-Amazon buyers in Doll Toys category, with lower quartile ~3%, upper quartile ~5%, min 2% and max 6% for all brands in this category covered by the survey responders

* _H2 notation at the end of a brand name indicates that this is the observation from the second wave of surveys

Source: Amazon internal data, Jul-Oct 2021, USA. 50,000 survey responders

Machine Learning model to predict **ROPES**

We train a Random Forest model to predict ROPES across categories - based on observed customer and browsing behavior variables related to:

- (1) Customer journey on Amazon in focus product category,
- (2) Past purchase behavior,
- (3) Demographic information.

RF model as good as Gradient Boosting and Deep Learning Neural Nets

- (a) Achieves high level of accuracy of less than 1% error,
- (b) Accurately predicts proportion of off-Amazon buyers in each activity group,*
- (c) Accurately predicts ROPES across categories, time periods and brands (92.1% no significant difference, average Pearson correlation = 0.83
- (d) Feature importance confirmed by 2SLS Instrumental Variables (Endogeneity)

*although it predicts somewhat lower differences across activity groups than were actually observed.

Customers who research more but do not buy on Amazon are more likely to purchase off-Amazon

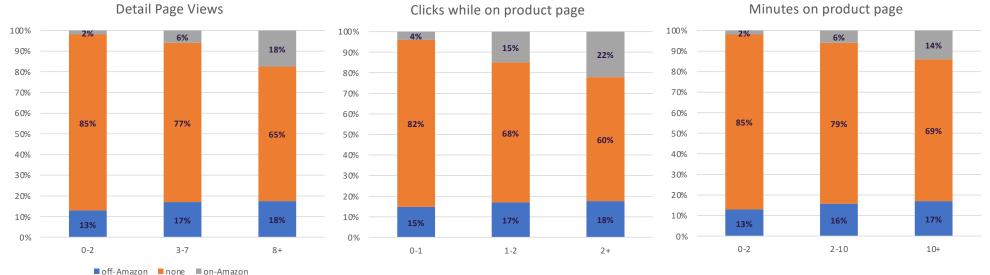
Share of off-Amazon buyers (among customers who did not buy on Amazon) in different activity groups



(Off-Amazon share calculated as off-Amazon buyers divided by off-Amazon buyers plus non-buyers)

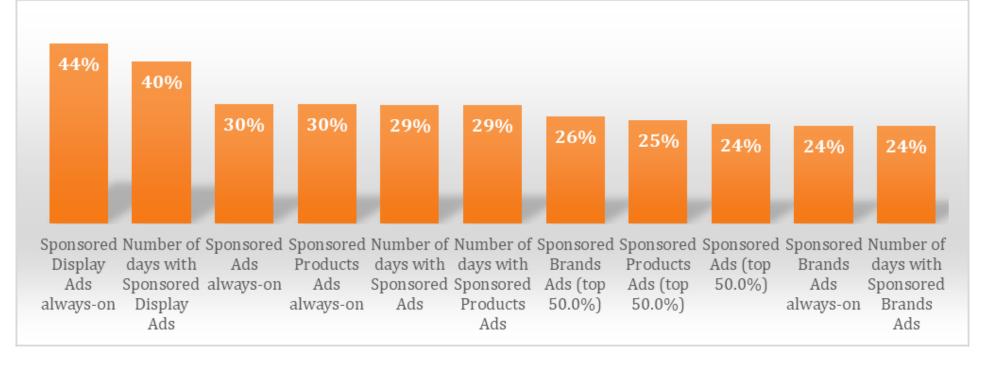
Source: Amazon data warehouse

Customers who research are not only more likely to buy on Amazon but also off-Amazon



Total percentage of buyers on Amazon, off-Amazon and non-buyers in different activity groups

Upper funnel ads, especially always-on, show most Off-Amazon sales contribution to on-Amazon sales



Source: Amazon internal data, Jul-Oct 2021, USA, 50,000 survey responders. (95% confidence interval - normal approximation)

What have we learned?

- 1 Amazon Ads helps to reach customers that purchase elsewhere.
- 2 Customers who research more but do not buy on Amazon are more likely to purchase off-Amazon.

Source: Amazon internal data 2021 USA

Thank You!

QUESTIONS?

